

**BEFORE THE NATIONAL GREEN TRIBUNAL
PRINCIPAL BENCH, NEW DELHI**

Original Application No. 654/2022

Priyadarshini Colony Sector D
Residence Welfare Society

Applicant

Versus

State of Uttar Pradesh & Ors.

Respondents

With

Original Application No. 8/2023

Mukesh Kumar Tiwari

Applicant

Versus

State of U.P & Ors.

Respondents

Date of hearing: 08.04.2025

CORAM: **HON’BLE MR. JUSTICE PRAKASH SHRIVASTAVA, CHAIRPERSON**
 HON’BLE MR. JUSTICE SUDHIR AGARWAL, JUDICIAL MEMBER
 HON’BLE DR. A. SENTHIL VEL, EXPERT MEMBER

Respondents: Ms. Garima Prashad, AAG with Ms. Priyanka Swami, Adv. for Lucknow Municipal Corporation
Ms. Jaya Shahi & Mr. Arpan Trehan, Advs. for UPPCB
Mr. Arvind Kumar, Advs. for UPPCB (Through VC) in OA No. 08/2023

ORDER

1. In this Original Application (OA), the Tribunal is examining the issue of unscientific handling of waste within Lucknow Municipal Corporation. In terms of the earlier order, the progress report by way of affidavit has been filed by the Commissioner, Lucknow Municipal Corporation dated 07.04.2025. The progress of the work and the timelines along with the percentage of work completed has been disclosed in the tabulated form as under:-

i. Aforesaid heading with due Action Taken has been summarized in tabular form-

Table-1: Ensure door to door collection of segregated waste					
Activity	Status as on 01.09.2023	Target	Time line to achieved on 100% Target	Target achieved on 31.03.2025	Current status 31.03.2025
Door-to-Door collection of segregated solid waste (Rule 15 (b) of SWM	381000 HH (50%)	762604 HH/User (100%)	31.12.2024	701,390 HH/User (92%)	Lucknow Municipal Corporation (LMC) has divided door-to-door waste collection and transportation services between two

Rule 2016)					operators. Lucknow Swachatha Abhiyan Pvt Ltd (LSA) manages Zones 1, 3, 4, 6, and 7, utilizing a fleet of 750 operational electric three- and four-wheelers. Lionenviro Lucknow Private Limited handles Zones 2, 5, and 8, having commenced operations on January 2, 2025, following a mid-December agreement approved by the state government. They deploy approximately 300 auto tippers, including 150 electric vehicles, for door-to-door collection. In total, over 1000 vehicles, approximately 90% electric, are engaged in primary waste collection across the city.
Collect waste from vegetable, fruit, flower, meat, poultry and fish market on day-to-day basis and promote setting up of de-centralized compost plant or bio-methanation plant (Rule 15 (m) of SWM Rule 2016)	Nil	8	31.12.2024	5 (62.5%)	LMC is adopting a decentralized approach to waste management by setting up composting plants in markets to process organic waste locally. This reduces the need for transportation and promotes sustainability. Virat Khand, a Zero Waste colony, and over 500 households in Parshu Nath Planet are examples of successful waste management practices. In Jankipuram Vistar Zone-3, a decentralized compost plant is being developed under the "Project Samriddhi" by SBI CAPS, managed by a Self-Help Group (SHG). This plant will collect and process waste from over 200 households. Additionally, Bio-Gas plants with a capacity of 300 TPD are being set up. While there may not be an immediate need for additional decentralized composting plants, the LMC's focus on decentralized waste management and community engagement is a positive step towards a sustainable future.
Enforcing waste generators to pay user fee for solid waste management. (Rule 4 (3) & 15 (f) of SWM Rule 2016)	180000 Units (Rs 1.10 Crore)	762604 Units (Rs 4.60 Crore)	31.12.2024	4,14,929 units	Lucknow Municipal Corporation (LMC) reports a significant 49.01% increase in user charge collection, rising from Rs. 12,84,10,197 in 2023-2024 to Rs. 19,13,46,982 in 2024-2025. This improvement is attributed to the companies hired for door-to-door waste collection and transportation, who have consistently enhanced user charge collection efficiency.
Integration of Rag Pickers/ Waste collectors/Kabadis/ Volunteers/CBOs/NGs (Rule 15(c) of SWM Rule 2016)	1050 no. (10%)	10463 no. (100%)	31.12.2024	Total=4500 No. (43%)	Total=4500 no. rag pickers, waste collectors, and kabadiwalas have been connected with LMC and provided with training to enhance their efficiency and effectiveness in waste management practices. This initiative signifies a proactive approach to empower and improve the capabilities of these individuals, ultimately contributing to more organized and efficient waste collection, segregation, and management within the municipal area.
Facilitating formation of Self- Help Groups, provide identity cards and thereafter encourage integration in solid waste management including door to door collection of waste; (Rule 15 (d) of SWM Rule 2016)	110 Nos	220 Nos	31.12.2024	158 Nos (72%)	Swachh and Swasth Swayam Sahayta Samooh, Asha Swayam Sahayta Samooh, Laxmi Bai Sahayta Samooh, Munni Self Help Group, Pratishtha Swayam Sahayta Samooh, and Roj Self Help Group (SHGs) are tied up with the Lucknow Municipal Corporation (LMC). The women from these groups are trained in Material Recovery Facility (MRF) operations and waste segregation. Some of these women have also been incorporated into the operation and maintenance of Pink Toilets.

2. Setting up of Material Recovery Facilities or secondary storage facilities and transfer facility (Rule 15 (h) and Rule 22 at Sr.no. 7-8 of SWM Rule 2016)					
Activity	Status as on 01.09.2023	Target	Time line to achieved on 100% Target	Target achieved on 31.03.2025	Current status 31.03.2025
Setting up of Material Recovery Facilities Cum PCTS (Rule 15 (h) and Rule 22 at Sr.no.7-8 of SWM Rule 2016)	8 Nos	25 Nos	31.03.2025	09 Nos.	Lucknow Municipal Corporation (LMC) currently operates nine Material Recovery Facilities (MRFs), with a one is under construction, bringing the total to ten. Machinery installation is complete in six of these operational MRFs, all under the management of door-to-door waste collection companies M/S Lucknow Swacchata Abhiyan Pvt. Ltd. and M/S Lion Enviro Lucknow Pvt. Ltd.
Setting up of Material Recovery Facilities Cum TS/PCTS (Rule 22 at Sr.no.7-8 of SWM Rule 2016)	35 Nos (PCTS)	60 Nos (PCTS)	31.03.2025	41 Nos.	Portable Compactor Transfer Stations (PCTS) have been installed at five locations: Paper Mill, Mitaiwala, Kailash Kunj, Nishatganj and Vineeth Khand. Additionally, 13 refuse compactors (RCs) have been deployed for municipal waste collection and transportation.
Setting up of Material Recovery Facilities Cum Fixed Compactor Transfer Station (FCTS) (Rule 22 at Sr.no. 7-8 of SWM Rule 2016)	0 Nos	4 Nos	31.12.2024	02 No.	The construction of Material Recovery Facility-cum-Fixed Compactor Transfer Stations (MRF-cum-FCTS) at Dayal and Bhaisora is currently in progress. The Fixed Compactor Transfer Stations (FCTS) at Ghaila and Ganga Kheda have been completed and are operational. These two FCTS have been handed over to the door-to-door waste collection and transportation companies for management.

1.9 Setting up Solid Waste Processing Facilities (Rule 22 at Sr.no.7-8 of SWM Rule 2016)					
Activity	Status as on 01.09.2023	Target	Time line to achieved on 100% Target	Target achieved on 31.03.2025	Current status 31.03.2025
Setting up 2000 TPD Processing Plant (1000 TPD for Wet waste and 1000 TPD for dry waste)	664 MT/Day (600 MT at Shivari +64 MT Decentralise	2000 MT/Day	31.12.2024	2000 MT/Day (100%)	Lucknow Municipal Corporation limits, approximately 2000 TPD of fresh Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) is generated. To process this, M/S Bhumi Green Energy has been awarded a three-year tender to manage 2000 TPD of MSW, encompassing both wet and dry waste streams. The company has installed 2100 TPD processing units, effectively addressing the current waste generation. In addition to this centralized processing, over 300 TPD of municipal waste is managed through decentralized methods: wet waste composting in over 20,000 households, on-site wet waste processing by 63 bulk waste generators, composting of horticulture and kitchen waste in over 1,000 park compost pits, and the processing of over 80 TPD of dry and recyclable waste by ragpickers, recyclers, and MRFs.
Setting up of Aerobic Composting pits in parks (Rule 22 at Sr.no. 7-8)	640 (Pits)/ 64 MT/day	1500 (Pits) 150 MT/day	31.12.2024	1315 (Pits) 87%	Total 1315 compost pits have been constructed for effective waste management in 600 parks. The utilization of mulching techniques further enhances waste management practices within these park areas.
Setting up 300 TPD Bio-CNG Plant	0	1	31.03.2025	0	M/S EverEnviro is constructing a 300 TPD Bio-CNG plant for segregated wet waste in Nadarganj, with civil work complete and machinery setup ongoing; commercial operations are now projected for March 2026 due to financial delays. Additionally, a partnership with M/S Jay Bharat Maruti Enviro Bioenergy is underway for a 150 TPD Bio-CNG plant (10 TPD gas output) utilizing diverse feedstock. The project site near Kanha Upvan was relocated due to local conflicts, and the LMC

					has provided a new location.
Promotion of co- marketing of compost with chemical fertilizers (Rule 7 of SWM Rule 2016)	LMC will ensure to apply and get approval for sale of city compost				Applying for the approval.
Phase out the use of chemical fertilizer and use compost in all parks, gardens maintained by the local body and wherever possible in other places under its jurisdiction. (Rule 15 (u) of SWM Rule2016)	LMC will ensure to use the compost generated from pit.				All compost generated from the pits is utilized within the park and is also distributed to the local public in nearby areas based on their requirements.
Integration and Incentives to informal waste recycling sector for recycling initiatives. (Rule 15 (u) of SWM Rule2016)	Approximate 50 informal waste recycling center (Kabariwala) has been identified and LMC will provide training and integrate 20 such recycling center in next 3 months and balance will be integrated in next 6 months.				A total of 109 RRR Permanent and Temporary centers have been established in LMC areas, with over 200 kabadiwalas/ragpicker integrated into these centers.

1.10 Setting up sanitary landfill facilities (SLFs) (Rule22 at Sr.no.9-10)					
Activity	Status as on 01.09.2023	Target	Time line to achieved on 100% Target	Target achieved on 31.03.2025	Current status 31.03.2025
Setting up sanitary landfill facilities (SLFs) (Rule22 atSr.no.9-10)	1	2	31.12.2024	01	Lucknow Municipal Corporation has secured and prepared 55 acres of previously occupied land in Shivari as a sanitary landfill site, developed in accordance with CPCB guidelines. The tender for this project was awarded to M/S Shiv Om Treaders, and the sanitary landfill work has been completed.
1.11 Bio-remediation of old and abandoned dump sites (Rule 22 and Key Indicator by NGT in OA 606/2018)					
Activity	Status as on 01.09.2023	Target	Time line to achieved on 100% Target	Target achieved on 31.03.2025	Current status 31.03.2025
Bio-remediation of old and abandoned dump sites (Rule 22 and Key Indicator by NGT in OA 606/2018)	47,959 MT	18.5 Lakh MT	31.08.2025	10.5 Lakh MT	M/S Bhumi Green Energy Private Limited is installing a 4,000 TPD plant to process legacy waste. In the past two months, Bhumi Green has already processed approx. 10.5 lakh metric tons (MT) of legacy waste. The other legacy waste dump site in Ghaila, after processing, has been handed over to the Lucknow Development Authority (LDA). The LDA is now developing this site into a Rashtra Prerna Sthal.
1.12 prepare and submit annual report in Form IV on or before the 30th April of the succeeding year to the Commissioner or Director, Municipal Administration or designated Officer; (Rule 15 (za) of SWM Rule 2016).				Form was submitted.	
1.13 IEC & Citizen grievance redressal; (Rule 15 (zc) of SWM Rule 2016)					
Activity	Status as on 01.09.2023	Target	Time line to achieved on 100% Target	Target achieved on 31.03.2025	Current status as on 31.03.2025
Educate workers including contractworkes and supervisors for door-to-door collection ofsegregated waste and transportingthe unmixed waste; (Rule 15 (zc) of SWMRule 2016)	Morethan 2000 Works trained so far	8000 workers	31.12.2024	7000 workers (85 %)	7000 No. waste collection and transportation workers have received training in waste collection and segregation tasks.
Create public awareness through IEC campaign and educate the waste generators to practice home	More than 180000HH by engaging professional agency	762604 HH (For 100% Coverage)	31.12.2024	Over 450000 HH (59 % Coverage)	Aligning with our targets, a collaborative effort between the Swachh Bharat Mission (SBM), LSAPL, and LELPL has successfully educated and trained over 50,000 individuals daily for

composting, vermi-composting, bio-gas generation or community level composting; (Rule 15 (zg(v)) of SWM Rule 2016)					the past four months. Dedicated teams, one for each of the eight zones, have been actively raising awareness and providing training on waste collection, segregation, and composting to households, schools, bulk waste generators, and residential welfare associations. This comprehensive program demonstrates our strong commitment to fostering a well-informed and skilled community in Lucknow.
Citizen Grievance Redressal through Swachh App (Key Indicator by NGT in OA 606/2018)	91 %	100%	31.12.2024	99%	The Citizen Grievance Redressal process facilitated by the LMC uses app and toll free no. for raising complaints and monitoring their resolution: the Lucknow One app, 311 app and toll free no. 18001234999 and 18002026172. These apps and toll free no. empower citizens to efficiently address their concerns regarding cleanliness and sanitation. With a success rate of 98%, the apps enable prompt resolution of reported issues, ensuring effective and timely actions are taken .

B. COMPLIANCE OF CONSTRUCTION & DEMOLITION WASTE MANAGEMENT (C&D WM) RULES, 2016					
Activity	Status as on 01.09.2023	Target	Time line to achieved on 100% Target	Target achieved on 31.03.2025	Current status as on 31.03.2025
Commissioning and implementation of Processing / Recycling facility. (C&D WM) Rules 13 Schedule- III (3), 2016)	100 TPD	300 TPD	31.10.2024	100 %	Approximately 267 TPD of Construction and Demolition (C&D) waste generated in LMC limit. To address this, a Public-Private Partnership (PPP) tender was awarded to M/s Garg & Co and Rise Eleven Ready Mix Product Pvt. Ltd., based on the lowest tipping fee, for the development and revamping of the existing C&D waste processing plant. This 300 TPD capacity plant is now fully operational, utilizing both wet and dry processing technologies to convert C&D waste into valuable materials such as precast boundary columns, panels, pavers, blocks, and planters.
Notification of sites for collection and processing facility. (C&D Waste Rule 6(4& 5),9(2) and13- C&D WM Rules,2016)	8 No. Collection centers	16 CC	31.10.2024	09 collection centers	Land has been finalized for nine secondary collection centers, with eight already completed. All facilities comply with Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) guidelines to ensure responsible waste management. Each center has a capacity of 50 tons.
Get the collected waste transported to appropriate sites for processing and disposal; (Rule 6 (5)- C&D WM Rules, 2016)	Approx 40 MT is being transported separately.	267 MT	31.10.2024	100 MT/day (37%)	More than 100 metric tons per day C&D waste is collected by LMC vehicle are transported separately to the C&D waste plant, where they are processed regularly.
C. COMPLIANCE OF PLASTIC WASTE MANAGEMENT (PWM) RULES, 2016					
Activity		Target		Current status 31.03.2025	
Local bodies shall encourage the use of plastic waste (preferably they cannot be further recycled) for road construction as per		Lucknow Municipal Corporation within 3 months will ensure to use about 5%		Under the CM GRID scheme, promoting sustainable road construction with non-recyclable plastic, the LMC has installed	

Indian Road Congress guidelines or energy recovery or waste to oil etc.	of generated non- recyclable plastic waste (2-to-3%-part replacement with bitumen) in road construction.	shredders and constructed 2 km of roads (6% bitumen replacement with 9.6 tons of plastic) in five locations. The LDA has also utilized 6.36 tons of plastic (8% bitumen replacement in SDBC) for three roads in Gomti Nagar Vistar. New CM GRID road projects are underway
Plastic waste management rule 2016 5(b)		
Activity	Target	Current status 31.03.2025
The local body for setting up of system for plastic waste management shall seek assistance of producers. Plastic waste management rule 2016 6(3)	Lucknow Municipal Corporation within 3 months will ensure its registration as recycler and will ensure assistance of producers under EPR framework.	Under the Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) model, transportation costs for Refuse-Derived Fuel (RDF) are being reduced, with SOPs for managing single-use and multilayer plastic finalized. Over 105 companies are registered for EPR compliance. M/S Bhumi Green Energy Pvt. Ltd. processed approx. 10.5 Lakh metric tons of legacy waste, converting non-recyclable plastic into RDF, with approx. 175,522.33 metric tons currently sent to cement factories. Lucknow Municipal Corporation (LMC) has also partnered with M/S Shree Shyam Packaging to ensure the proper disposal of non-recyclable plastic seized from wholesalers, in accordance with the Plastic Waste Management Rules, 2016. This designated agency collects and shreds the seized plastic under LMC supervision. As per the agreement, M/S Shree Shyam Packaging is obligated to provide the LMC with products made from the collected plastic, equivalent to 50% of its weight. To date, M/S Shree Shyam Packaging has collected the entire 14,260 kg of seized plastic from all zones within the LMC. While the expected return of by-products was 7,130 kg (50% of the collected amount), the company has provided 3,380 kg of by-products derived from the collected plastic waste back to the LMC.
Every retailer or street vendors selling or providing commodities in, plastic carry bags or multilayered packaging or plastic sheets or like or covers made of plastic sheets which are not manufactured or labelled or marked in accordance with these rules shall be liable to pay such fines. Plastic waste management rule 2016 14(2)	Lucknow Municipal Corporation is putting a cumulative average monthly fine of Rs. 55650.00 per month and have targeted to increase the fine upto Rs. 100000.00 Lakh Per Month in next 3 months.	LMC has intensified its inspections targeting retailers and street vendors using non-compliant plastic carry bags, multilayered packaging, or similar items lacking proper manufacturing labels or markings. As a result, April 2024 and March 2025, penalties totaling Rs. 17,38,700 have been imposed, and 14,260 kg of single-use plastic has been seized within the Lucknow Municipal Corporation limits.
D. COMPLIANCE OF BIO-MEDICAL WASTE MANAGEMENT (BWM) RULES, 2016		
The detail of current status and Targets of compliance to Bio-Medical waste Management Rules 2016 are summarized in Table-9.		
Table-9: current status and Targets of compliance to Bio-medical waste Management Rules 2016		
Activity	Targets	Current status 31.03.2025
Provide or allocate suitable land for development of common bio-medical waste treatment facilities (Para 7 of Schedule 3 of BWM Rule 2016)	Lucknow Municipal Corporation have provided the land admeasuring 1.25 Acres for establishing the Bio-medical waste processing plant at Village-Bindova, Mohanlal Ganj. Plant is operational and receiving waste from 1030 HCF (9751 beds) and treating 3600 Kg/day (100% of collected waste). LMC collect all Municipal Solid waste from all HCFs in segregated form and dispose off accordingly.	Plant is operational and receiving waste from 1263 HCF (9751 beds) and treating 967160 Kg (100% of collected waste). Lucknow Municipal Corporation have provided the land admeasuring 1.25 Acres for establishing the Bio-medical waste processing plant at Village-Bindova, Mohanlal Ganj by M/S SMS water grace Medi waste management pvt.ltd. Plant is operational and receiving waste from 1263 HCF(9751 beds) and treating 3600 Kg/day (100% of collected waste).Through 16 Vehicle

		LMC collect all Municipal Solid waste from all HCFs in segregated form and dispose off accordingly.
Facilitating construction, operation & maintenance of Carcass disposal facility.	Lucknow Municipal Corporation is operating Carcass plant in 4 Acres of land at Shivari in scientific way and also going to install within 6 months a new incineration plant for incineration of dead stray animals in scientific way	A carcass plant spanning 4 acres of land in Shivari, Mohan Road, has been installed using scientific methods as per the CPCB guidelines. The plant operates on electrical technology, with a capacity of processing 100 large and 100 small animals per day. But this plant goes beyond just waste disposal - it actually converts the processed materials into valuable byproducts. These byproducts include fishmeal, pottery feed, and even ingredients used in the leather industry. This innovative approach not only tackles the issue of animal carcasses but also creates valuable resources. This innovative approach not only tackles the issue of animal carcasses but also creates valuable resources. Looking ahead, plans are already underway for a separate gas-based pet cremation facility. The tender process has been completed, and the L1 bidder has been selected. Further steps are currently in progress.

E. COMPLIANCE OF E-WASTE MANAGEMENT E-WASTE RULES, 2016		
Activity	Current Status and Target	Current status31.03.2025
Urban Local Bodies shall ensure thate- waste pertaining to orphan products is collected and channelised to authorised dismantler or recycler (Rule 24 E- Waste Management Rule 2016)	Lucknow Municipal Corporation have engaged a private partner for collection, transportation and processing of E-waste.	Lucknow Swachchha Abhiyan Pvt. Ltd. handles door-to-door waste collection in Zones 1, 3, 4, 6, and 7. Alongside them, KaroSambhav is focusing on E-waste management following the 2016 E-waste Rules. Through a signed agreement with Lucknow Municipal Corporation (LMC), KaroSambhav has begun collecting E-waste. Their responsible approach has already yielded impressive results – over 20 tons of E-waste collected between May and August 2024, a significant step towards effective E-waste management in the region.
Responsibilities of the producer forimplementing the Extended Producers Responsibility (Rule 5 of E-Waste Management Rule 2016)	Lucknow Municipal Corporation will ensure its registration will seek assistance of producers under EPR framework.	Currently EPR registered companies working with the LMC for the management of the electronic and plastic waste.

F. OTHER INITIATIVES			
Sr.No.	Points	Description	Current status31.03.2025
1	Zero WasteWard	Developing zero-waste gated colonies and wards.	Virat Khand and Parshu Nath Planet have emerged as leading examples of zero-waste communities. Paper Mill ward is actively working towards becoming a zero-waste wards.
2	Efficient Waste Management	LMC took swift action to terminatethe services of M/s Ecogreen, the company responsible for waste collection, due to their failure to fulfill their obligations. Subsequently, over 50% of malfunctioning primary and secondary waste collection vehicles were repaired to ensure prompt waste removal, benefiting the citizens of Lucknow.	Primary and secondary waste collection and transportation services have commenced, with Lucknow Swachhata Abhiyan Pvt. Ltd. (LSA) responsible for Zones 1, 3, 4, 6, and 7, and M/S Lionenviro Lucknow Pvt. Ltd. covering Zones 2, 5, and 8. These services currently reach 90% of households for door-to-door collection and transportation.
3	Solid Waste to Wealth	LMC adopted a "Waste to Wealth" strategy within its waste policy by implementing plans to recycle waste for biogas and electricity	Lucknow features innovative "Waste-to-Wonder" parks, including 'UP Darshan Park' with replicas of 16 state monuments made from waste, and the upcoming revamp of Buddha Park (LDA) focusing on mental health through

		production. Additionally, the daily wages of approximately 8,500 sanitation workers were increased from ₹308 to ₹388, starting from September.	recycled art and play. Harmony Park showcases 80 musical installations crafted from industrial scrap. In waste processing, LMC has partnered with JBM Company for a 150 TPD compressed biogas plant (10 TPD output), utilizing cow dung and expected to generate Rs. 11 lakh monthly revenue post-March 2025 completion. Additionally, the Sanjhi Rekha Self Help Group produces dhoopbatti and gulaal from temple flowers..
4	Eco-Friendly Initiatives in Waste Collection Expansion	In line with environmental protection efforts, 700 new electric vehicles (EVs) have been purchased for primary waste collection.	Both LSAPL and LELPL have purchased and deployed over 1000 new EVs for primary waste collection. Additionally, LSA has ordered 150 electric mechanical road sweepers; 96 have been received, and operational. (Annex XX)
6	Employee Safety:	In the interest of employee safety, 4,132 safety helmets, 4,132 safety goggles, and 4,132 rubber gloves were distributed.	The successful distribution of 1,000 new PPE kits to workers has been completed. Additionally, 18 grab bucket desilting machines and super suckers have been procured.
7	Secondary Waste Collection	600 different capacity dustbins were procured to facilitate secondary waste collection.	130 twin bins and 220 triple bins have been installed in market areas, commercial areas and parks.
8	Greenery Enhancement	The green cover of Lucknow was expanded through tree planting and the development of various parks, including Amausi, Gram Saintha, Gram Rasulpur Kayasth, and green belts along various roads.	Approximately 3.27 hectares of green cover are under development in Gram Rasulpur as a Nagar Van, utilizing Miyawaki techniques. Furthermore, the Municipal Corporation has undertaken over 200,000 plantations across various parks and vacant lands. An additional 25 hectares of land reclaimed after legacy waste processing will also be developed into green cover. (Annex XXI)
9	Drain Cleaning	A total of 414 drains were cleaned to address water logging issues during the monsoon.	All drains have been cleaned.
10	Tree Pruning	High trees that posed a risk were pruned using tree pruners and threader and chipper machines.	Work is currently in progress.
11	Sustainability and clean energy	EV Charging Infrastructure Installation for Primary Waste Collection Vehicles	Total 10 no. EV charging stations for waste collection vehicles have been installed by LSAPL and LELPL with a total capacity of 1200 kW.
12	Central Workshop Upgrade	The central workshop of LMC is being renovated and is expected to operate with modern facilities in the near future.	Installation of the 01 No. high-tech workshop is underway. It is scheduled to be completed.

3. A perusal of the above indicates that for most of the work, the timeline of 31.12.2024/31.03.2025 was fixed, which has expired but a satisfactory success of completing remediation work has not been achieved. Learned ASG appearing for Commissioner Lucknow Municipal Corporation submits that though further six months' time has been prayed, the work will be completed within three months. Hence, we require the Commissioner, Lucknow Municipal

Corporation to file the monthly progress report in respect of the each of the items indicated in the above table before the Tribunal and a consolidated report on completion of three months' period.

4. The progress report filed by the Municipal Commissioner, Lucknow Municipal Corporation on page 3135 indicates that the aerobic composting pits have been set up in 600 parks. The Commissioner, Lucknow Municipal Corporation in his next report by way of affidavit will disclose which provision of law permits setting up of the composting pits in the park.

5. List on 06.08.2025.

Prakash Shrivastava, CP

Sudhir Agarwal, JM

Dr. A. Senthil Vel, EM

April 08, 2025
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